In the Claims

1-22 (canceled).

23 (currently amended). A composition of matter comprising:

a)

wherein Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including proton;

m is an integer from 1 to 3;

B is O, NH, or any group capable to be hydrolyzed;

Y = O Cat+, a C₁-C₃ alkyl group, a group A R, or a radical selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a polysaccharide, a fatty acid, a simple lipid, a complex lipid, a folic acid, a tetrahydrofolic acid, a phosphoric acid, an inositol, a vitamin, a co-enzyme, a flavonoid, an aldehyde, an epoxyde and a halohydrin;

R is a linear, branched, or cyclic, aromatic or not, saturated or unsaturated, C_1 - C_{50} hydrocarbon group, optionally interrupted by at least one heteroatom, wherein said hydrocarbon group comprises an alkyl, an alkylenyl, or an alkynyl, preferably an alkyl or an alkylene, which can be substituted by one or several substituents selected from the group consisting of : an alkyl, an alkylenyl, an alkynyl, an epoxyalkyl, an aryl, an heterocycle, an alkoxy, an acyl, an alcohol, a carboxylic group (-COOH), an ester, an amine, an amino group (-NH₂), an amide (-CONH₂), an imine, a nitrile, an hydroxyl (-OH), a aldehyde group (-CHO), an halogen, an halogenoalkyl, a thiol (-SH), a thioalkyl, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, and a combination thereof;

R5
$$C = W - C - NH - P - B - M - Y$$
R6 $C = W - C - NH - P - B - M - Y$
R6 $C = W - C - NH - P - B - M - Y$
R6 $C = W - C - NH - P - B - M - Y$

Formula (X)

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH2)n - C - R2$$

$$R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$CH_2$$
 CH_2
 R_1

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ - C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is -CH- or - N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

e)b)

R5

$$C = W = C$$
 $NH = P = O = M$
 $Formula (XI)$

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH_2)_n - C - R_2$$
 R_1

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$- (CH2)n R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ - C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

e)d) a composition comprising a carrier and:

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:wherein R₃, R₄, and R₅; identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is—CH—or—N-, and R₆ is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

OH
$$-- (CH_2)_n -- C -- R_2$$

$$R_1$$

$$O$$
 CH_2 R_1

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & R_5 \\
\hline
C & W & C \\
R_4 & R_6
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CII- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & OH \\
 & | \\
\hline
 & (CH_2)_n - C - R_2 \\
\hline
 & R_1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
-C - W = C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_4-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_4-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

g)

h)
$$H_{2}C \longrightarrow O \qquad O \qquad O$$

$$R1 \longrightarrow (CH_{2})n \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow P \longrightarrow Y$$

$$O-Cat+ O-Cat+$$

$$(VI)$$

in which R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s), including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH2)n - C - R2$$

$$R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c} O \longrightarrow CH_2 \\ \hline - (CH_2)_n & R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
-C - W = C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester; or

i) a composition comprising a carrier and:

wherein Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including proton;

m is an integer from 1 to 3;

B is O, NH, or any group capable to be hydrolyzed;

Y = O Cat+, a C₁-C₃ alkyl group, a group -A-R, or a radical selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a polysaccharide, a fatty acid, a simple lipid, a complex lipid, a

folic acid, a tetrahydrofolic acid, a phosphoric acid, an inositol, a vitamin, a co-enzyme, a flavonoid, an aldehyde, an epoxyde and a halohydrin;

R is a linear, branched, or cyclic, aromatic or not, saturated or unsaturated, C_1 - C_{50} hydrocarbon group, optionally interrupted by at least one heteroatom, wherein said hydrocarbon group comprises an alkyl, an alkylenyl, or an alkynyl, preferably an alkyl or an alkylene, which can be substituted by one or several substituents selected from the group consisting of : an alkyl, an alkylenyl, an alkynyl, an epoxyalkyl, an aryl, an heterocycle, an alkoxy, an acyl, an alcohol, a carboxylic group (-COOH), an ester, an amine, an amine group (-NH₂), an amide (-CONH₂), an imine, a nitrile, an hydroxyl (-OH), a aldehyde group (-CHO), an halogen, an halogenoalkyl, a thiol (-SH), a thioalkyl, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, and a combination thereof;

Formula (X)

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$-- (CH2)n --- C --- R2$$

$$R1$$

$$(CH_2)_n$$
 R_1

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ - C - W = C \end{matrix} R_5$$

$$R_4 R_6$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

R5
$$C = W - C - NH - P - O - MP - Y$$
R6 R4 O-Cat+ O-Cat+ Formula (XI)

in which R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is -CH- or -N-, R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical -A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$CH_2$$
 OH CH_2 R_1 R_2

$$CH_2$$
 CH_2
 R_1

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ - C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & OH \\
 & & \\
\hline
 & (CH_2)_n - C - R_2 \\
\hline
 & R_1
\end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \hline & - (\text{CH}_2)_n & R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
-C - W = C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_4-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_4-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} OH \\ \hline & \\ R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl-group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \hline & & \text{CH}_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & R_5 \\
\hline
-C -W = C \\
R_4 & R_6
\end{array}$$

wherein R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester;

——vii)

in which R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s), including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH_2)_n - C - R_2$$
 R_1

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl-group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2 \\ \hline & (CH_2)_n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester.

24 (previously presented). The composition of matter according to claim 23, wherein said carrier is an adjuvant.

25 (previously presented). The composition of matter according to claim 24, wherein said composition of matter further comprises an antigen.

26 (previously presented). The composition of matter according to claim 23, wherein said carrier is a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

27 (previously presented). A method for preparing a diphosphoramidate monoester compound comprising:

- (a) reacting an alkylhalide R-X in a coupling step with a diethylphosphoramidate or diethylchlorophosphate reagent;
- (b) reacting the compound prepared in step (a) in a saponification step thereby removing O-ethyl groups; and
- (c) reacting the compound prepared in step (b) in a phosphorylation step thereby preparing a diphosphoramidate monoester,

wherein R is a linear, branched, or cyclic, aromatic or not, saturated or unsaturated, C1-C50 hydrocarbon group, optionally interrupted by at least one heteroatom, wherein said hydrocarbon group comprises an alkyl, an alkylenyl, or an alkynyl, preferably an alkyl or an alkylene, which can be substituted by one or several substituents selected from the group consisting of: an alkyl, an alkylenyl, an alkynyl, an epoxyalkyl, an aryl, an heterocycle, an alkoxy, an acyl, an alcohol, a carboxylic group (-COOH), an ester, an amine, an amino group (-NH2), an amide (-CONH2), an imine, a nitrile, an hydroxyl (-OH), a aldehyde group (-CHO), an halogen, an halogenoalkyl, a thiol (-SH), a thioalkyl, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, and a combination thereof, and

wherein X is a moiety capable of being displaced by a diethylphosphoramidate group under suitable conditions.

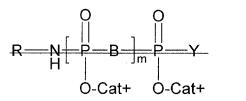
28 (previously presented). The method according to claim 27, wherein X is an NH2 group and said R-X compound is reacted in a coupling step with a diethylchlorophosphate compound.

29 (previously presented). The method according to claim 27, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of I, Br and Cl.

30 (previously presented). A method of preparing a (E)-2-(4-azido-2-methylbut-2-en yloxy)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran compound, comprising providing a (E)-2-(4-Chloro-2-methylbut-2-en yloxy)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran compound and reacting said compound with a sodium azide in a waterpentane biphasic mixture in the presence of phase transfer catalyst.

31 (currently amended). A method of activation $\gamma\delta$ T cell, the method comprising bringing a $\gamma\delta$ T cell into contact with a composition comprising a $\gamma\delta$ T cell activator selected from the group consisting of:

a)



Formula (I)

wherein Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including proton;

m is an integer from 1 to 3;

B is O, NH, or any group capable to be hydrolyzed;

Y = O Cat+, a C₁-C₃ alkyl group, a group A R, or a radical selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a polysaccharide, a fatty acid, a simple lipid, a complex lipid, a folic acid, a tetrahydrofolic acid, a phosphoric acid, an inositol, a vitamin, a co-enzyme, a flavonoid, an aldehyde, an epoxyde and a halohydrin;

R is a linear, branched, or cyclic, aromatic or not, saturated or unsaturated, C₁-C₅₀ hydrocarbon group, optionally interrupted by at least one heteroatom, wherein said hydrocarbon group comprises an alkyl, an alkylenyl, or an alkynyl, preferably an alkyl or an alkylene, which can be substituted by one or several substituents selected from the group consisting of : an alkyl, an alkylenyl, an alkynyl, an epoxyalkyl, an aryl, an heterocycle, an alkoxy, an acyl, an alcohol, a carboxylic group (-COOH), an ester, an amine, an amino group (-NH₂), an amide (-CONH₂), an imine, a nitrile, an hydroxyl (-OH), a aldehyde group (-CHO), an halogen, an halogenoalkyl, a thiol (-SH), a thioalkyl, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, and a combination thereof;

Formula (X)

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH2)n - C - R2$$

$$R1$$

$$-(CH2)n R1$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
-C - W = C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{PD} \\ \text{RS} \\ \text{RS} \\ \text{RO} \\$$

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, <u>B is O or NH</u>, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH2)n - C - R2$$

$$R1$$

$$- (CH2)n R1$$

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester; and

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$-- (CH_2)_n - C - R_2$$
 R_1

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2 \\ \hline & (CH_2)_n & R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & & R_5 \\
\hline
C & W & C \\
R_4 & & R_6
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or $(C_4 - C_3)$ alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an $(C_2 - C_3)$ acyl, an aldehyde, an $(C_4 - C_3)$ alcohol, or an $(C_2 - C_3)$ ester;

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$CH_{2}$$
 OH $-(CH_{2})_{n}$ $-(CH_{2})_{n}$

$$\frac{O - CH_2}{- (CH_2)_n} = R_1$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & R_5 \\
\hline
-C -W = C \\
R_4 & R_6
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_4-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

g)

h)
$$H_2C O O O$$

$$R1 (CH_2)n N P Y$$

$$O-Cat+ O-Cat+$$

$$O-Cat+$$

in which R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s), including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & OH \\
 & & \\
\hline
 & (CH_2)_n - C - R_2 \\
\hline
 & R_1
\end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
-C - W = C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester.

32 (previously presented). The method according to claim 31 wherein the $\gamma\delta$ T cell is brought into contact with said $\gamma\delta$ T cell activator in vitro.

33 (currently amended). A method of immunotherapy or stimulation of an immune response comprising the administration of a composition comprising a $\gamma\delta$ T cell activator selected from the group consisting of:

a)

wherein Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including proton;

m is an integer from 1 to 3;

B is O, NH, or any group capable to be hydrolyzed;

Y = O⁻Cat+, a C₁-C₃-alkyl group, a group -A-R, or a radical selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a polysaccharide, a fatty acid, a simple lipid, a complex lipid, a folic acid, a tetrahydrofolic acid, a phosphoric acid, an inositol, a vitamin, a co-enzyme, a flavonoid, an aldehyde, an epoxyde and a halohydrin;

R is a linear, branched, or cyclic, aromatic or not, saturated or unsaturated, C₁-C₅₀ hydrocarbon group, optionally interrupted by at least one heteroatom, wherein said hydrocarbon group comprises an alkyl, an alkylenyl, or an alkynyl, preferably an alkyl or an alkylene, which can be substituted by one or several substituents selected from the group consisting of : an alkyl, an alkylenyl, an alkynyl, an epoxyalkyl, an aryl, an heterocycle, an alkoxy, an acyl, an alcohol, a carboxylic group (-COOH), an ester, an amine, an amino group (-NH₂), an amide (-CONH₂), an imine, a nitrile, an hydroxyl (-OH), a aldehyde group (-CHO), an halogen, an halogenoalkyl, a thiol (-SH), a thioalkyl, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, and a combination thereof;

b)a)

R5
$$C = W - C - NH - P - B - P - Y$$
R6 $C = W - C - NH - P - B - P - Y$
R6 $C = W - C - NH - P - B - P - Y$

Formula (X)

in which R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₁-C₃)alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$-(CH2)n - C - R2$$

$$R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$- (CH2)n R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$-\begin{matrix} \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ -C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

in which R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is -CH- or -N-, R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester, C at + represents one or

several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, <u>B is O or NH</u>, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and Y is O⁻Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical –A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH_2)_n - C - R_2$$
 R_1

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$- (CH2)n R1$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$- \begin{matrix} R_3 \\ - C \\ R_4 \end{matrix} - W = C \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ R_6 \end{matrix}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is –CH- or –N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

e)

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$CH_{2}$$
 OH $-C - R_{2}$ R_{1}

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl-group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₊ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 \\
C \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_1-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

1)

in which X is an halogen, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s) including the proton, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A-R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂ and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$- (CH_2)_n - C - R_2$$
 $- R_1$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_1-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2 \\ \hline & (CH_2)_n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

wherein R_3 , R_4 , and R_5 , identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C_4-C_3) alkyl group, W is CH- or N-, and R_6 is an (C_2-C_3) acyl, an aldehyde, an (C_4-C_3) alcohol, or an (C_2-C_3) ester;

in which R1 is a methyl or ethyl group, Cat+ represents one or several identical or different organic or mineral cation(s), including the proton, B is O or NH, m is an integer from 1 to 3, and n is an integer from 2 to 20, and Y is O Cat+, a nucleoside, or a radical—A R, wherein A is O, NH, CHF, CF₂ or CH₂, and R is selected from the group consisting of:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & OH \\
 & | \\
 & | \\
 & C - R_2 \\
 & | \\
 & R_1
\end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, R_1 is a (C_1-C_3) alkyl group, and R_2 is an halogenated (C_4-C_3) alkyl, a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_1-C_3) alkyl, an halogenated (C_2-C_3) acyl or a (C_1-C_3) alkoxy- (C_2-C_3) acyl;

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \hline - (CH_2)_n & R_1 \end{array}$$

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 20, and R₁ is a methyl or ethyl group; and

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & R_5 \\
\hline
C - W - C \\
R_4 & R_6
\end{array}$$

wherein R₃, R₄, and R₅, identical or different, are a hydrogen or (C₄-C₃)alkyl group, W is CH- or

N-, and R₆ is an (C₂-C₃)acyl, an aldehyde, an (C₁-C₃)alcohol, or an (C₂-C₃)ester to a subject.

34 (previously presented). The method according to claim 33, wherein said subject is suffering from a tumor, solid tumor, an infectious disease, or an autoimmune disease or an allergic disease or said subject requires the stimulation of an immune response.

35 (previously presented). The method according to claim 33, wherein said composition further comprises an antigen.